

Spherical varieties: Lecture 18

Thm. 1. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{sph. varieties} \\ \text{w. open orbit } Y_0 \end{array} \right\} \xleftrightarrow{1:1} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{colored fans} \\ \text{in } \mathcal{E} \end{array} \right\}$

$$X \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{F}(X) = \{(\mathcal{C}_Y, \mathcal{D}^Y)\}_{Y \subset X}$$

Proof: **Injectivity.**

Suppose $\mathcal{F}(X) = \mathcal{F}(X') = \{(\mathcal{C}_i, \mathcal{B}_i)\}_{i=0, \dots, N}$

$\downarrow$ G -orbits

$$\Rightarrow X = \bigsqcup_{i=0}^N Y_i = \bigcup_i X_i,$$

$$(\mathcal{C}_{Y_i}, \mathcal{D}^{Y_i}) = (\mathcal{C}_i, \mathcal{B}_i) = (\mathcal{C}_{Y'_i}, \mathcal{D}^{Y'_i})$$

$$X' = \bigsqcup_{i=0}^N Y'_i = \bigcup_i X'_i,$$

$$\Rightarrow X \rightsquigarrow X'$$

$$X_i = X_{Y_i} \Rightarrow Y_0$$

$\downarrow$ unique

$$X'_i = X_{Y'_i} \Rightarrow Y_0 \text{ open orbit}$$

Surjectivity. Let $F = \{(\mathcal{E}_i, \mathcal{B}_i)\}_{i=0, \dots, N}$ colored fan

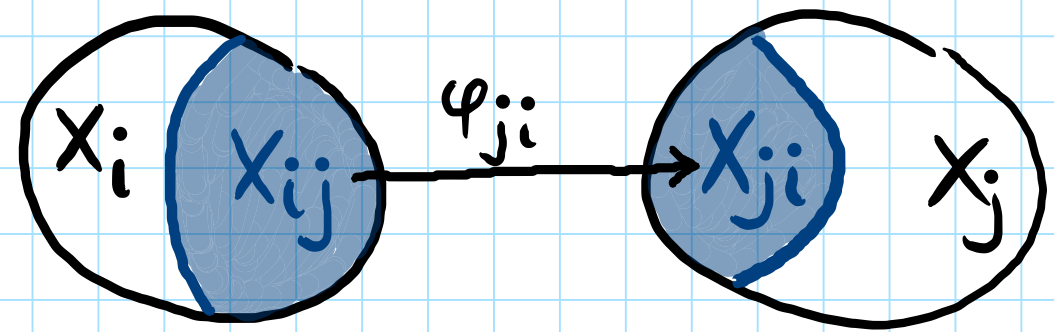
$$(\mathcal{E}_0, \mathcal{B}_0) = (0, \emptyset)$$

$(\mathcal{E}_i, \mathcal{B}_i) \rightsquigarrow X_i$ simple sph. var.

$\bigcup_{i=0}^N X_i$ open G -orbit

$$\forall i, j: \begin{array}{c} \bigcap_{i=0}^N X_i \\ \bigcup \\ X_i \end{array} \xrightarrow[\sim]{\varphi_{ji}} \begin{array}{c} \bigcap_{i=0}^N X_i \\ \bigcup \\ X_j \end{array}$$

$X_{ij} \xrightarrow{\sim} X_{ji}$ biregularity loci



Exercise 1: Prove that X_{ij}, X_{ji} are simple

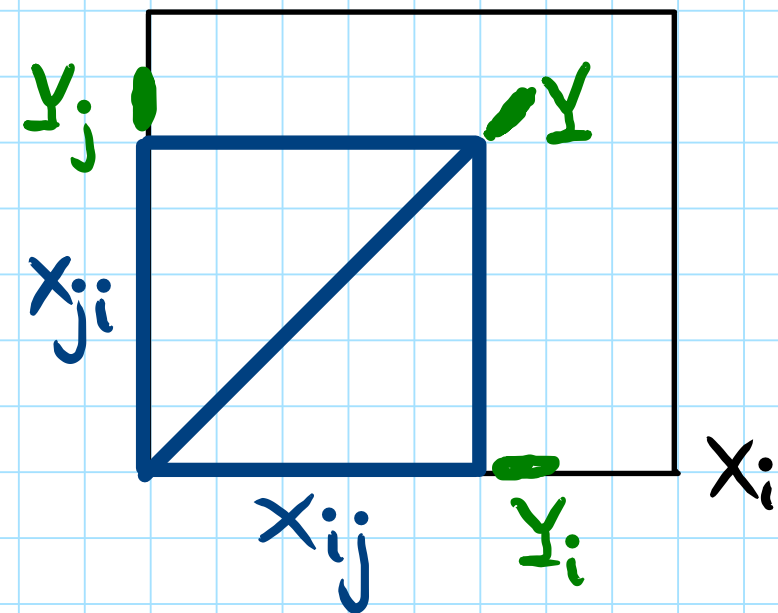
$$X = \bigsqcup_i X_i / \sim, \text{ where } : x_i \sim x_j \text{ if } x_i \in X_{ij}, x_j \in X_{ji}$$

$$\varphi_{ji}(x_i) = x_j$$

$$F(X) = F$$

Separation: $\text{diag } X$ closed in $X \times X$

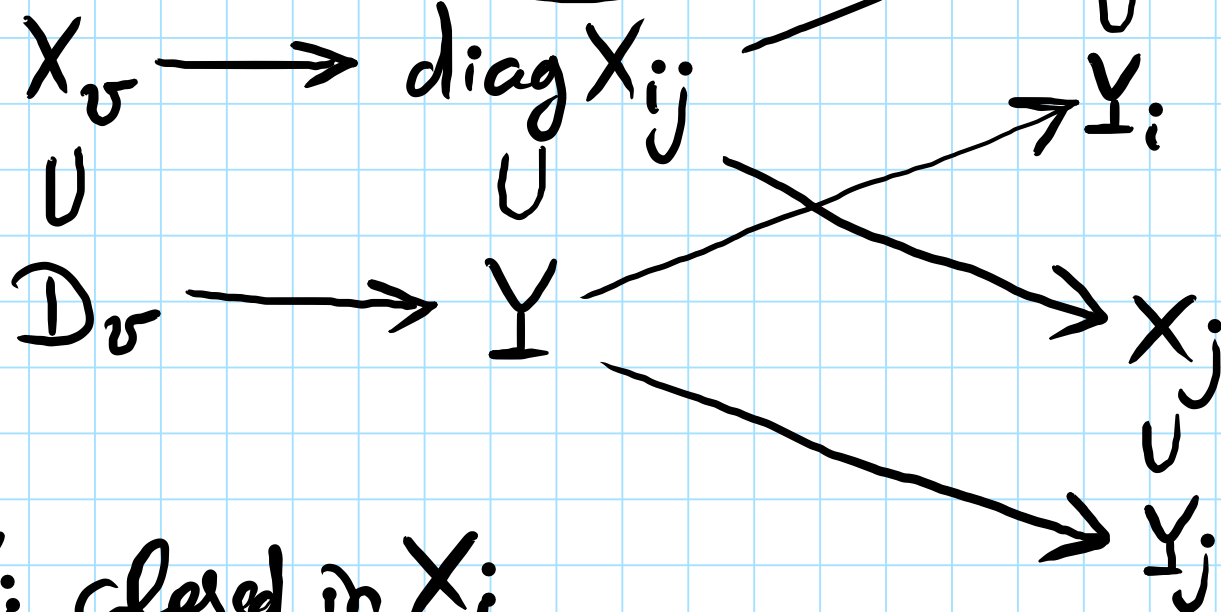
Suffices to prove: $\text{diag } X_{ij}$ closed in $X_i \times X_j$, $\forall i, j$
 $i \neq j$



Suppose $\overline{\text{diag } X_{ij}} \setminus \text{diag } X_{ij} \neq \emptyset \Rightarrow Y$

$\nearrow$
 G -orbit

$\exists v \in \mathcal{V}$ s.t.



May assume Y_i closed in X_i

Y_j closed in $X_j \Rightarrow v \in \mathcal{E}_i^\circ \cap \mathcal{E}_j^\circ \cap \mathcal{V}$

Contradiction



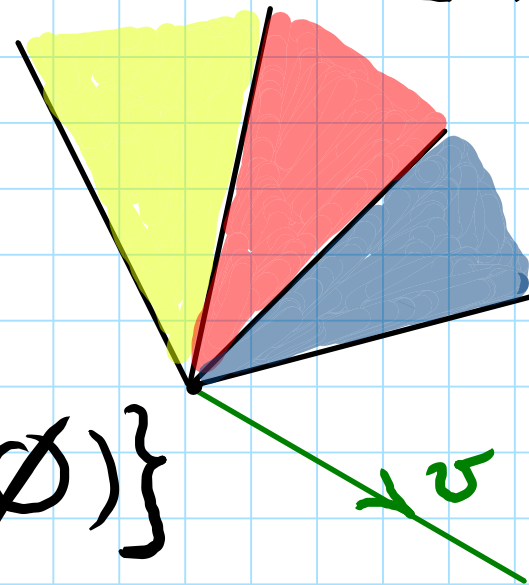
Closure ordering on G -orbits:

$$Y_i \subset \overline{Y_j} \iff (\mathcal{C}_j, B_j) \text{ is a colored face of } (\mathcal{C}_i, B_i)$$

Thm.2. X complete $\iff F(X)$ covers $\mathcal{V}$, i.e.

$$\bigcup_{Y \subset X} \mathcal{C}_Y \supseteq \mathcal{V}$$

Proof: $\Rightarrow$ Suppose $v \in \mathcal{V}$, $v \notin \bigcup_{Y \subset X} \mathcal{C}_Y$



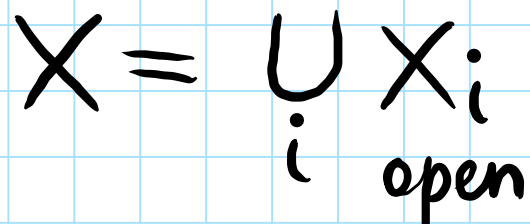
$$F' := F(X) \cup \{(\mathcal{Q}_{\geq 0}: v, \emptyset)\}$$

colored fan

$$\Rightarrow F' = F(X'), \quad X' = \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{open subvars.}}}{X} \cup \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{open subvars.}}}{X_v}, \quad X' \setminus X = D_v$$

$\Rightarrow X$ not complete

Contradiction

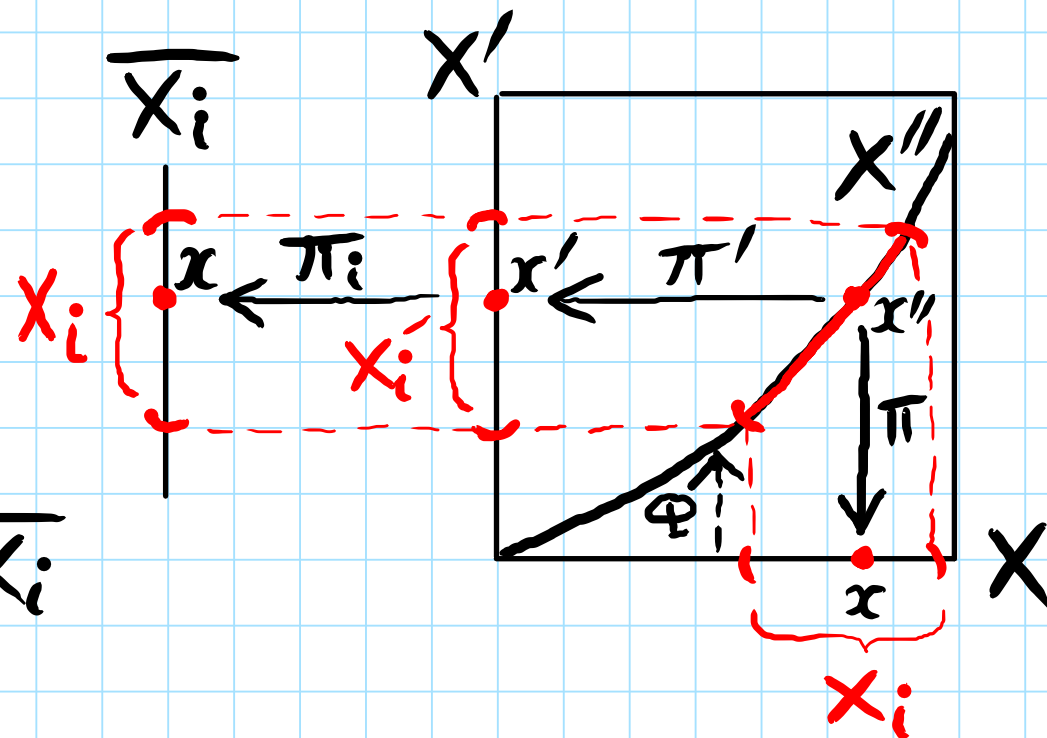


simple $\Rightarrow$ quasiproj. $\Rightarrow X_i \xrightarrow[\text{open}]{} X_i$ proj. sph. vars.

$$X \xrightarrow{\varphi} \prod_i \overline{X_i} \Rightarrow X' = \overline{\varphi(X)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ \Phi := \text{id}_X \times \varphi \\ X \times X' \supset X'' = \overline{\Phi(X)} \end{array}$$

$$X \xrightarrow{\pi} X' \xrightarrow{\pi_i} \overline{X_i}$$



Claim : $\pi' : X'' \xrightarrow{\text{open}} X'$

Proof of Claim: $X'_i = \pi_i^{-1}(X_i) \subset X'$ open subsets

$$x'' \in X'' \Rightarrow x = \pi(x'') \in X_i \text{ for some } i$$

$\Rightarrow x'' = (x, x')$, $\pi_i(x') = x$ identical
 $\Rightarrow x' = \pi'_i(x'') \in X_i$ on $\pi^{-1}(X_i)$

$$\Rightarrow x' = \pi'(x'') \in X';$$

Hence $\pi'(X'') \subset \bigcup_i X'_i$

$$X'' \supset \pi^{-1}(X_i) \xrightarrow[\sim]{\pi'} X'_i$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$x'' = (x, \overbrace{x, \dots, x_j}^{x'}, \dots) \mapsto x'$$

$$\begin{matrix} \cap & \cap & \cap \\ X & X_i & X_j \end{matrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow X'' \xrightarrow[\sim]{\pi'} \bigcup_i X'_i \subset X'$$

Claim proven.

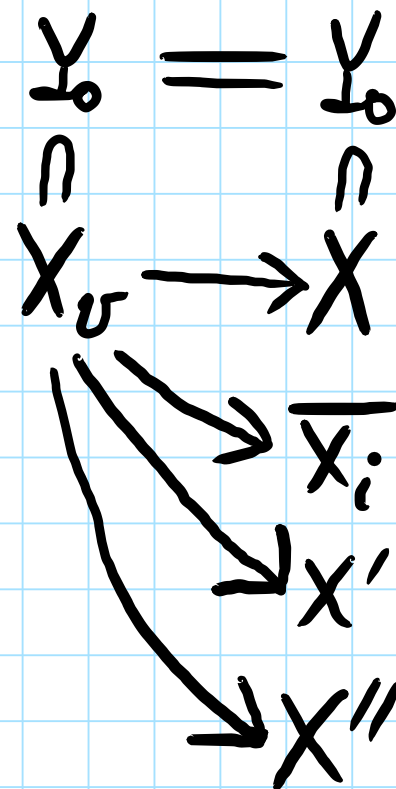
$\mathcal{V}$ covered by $F(X)$
also by $F(\bar{X}_i), \forall i$

$$\Rightarrow \forall v \in \mathcal{V} \exists \text{ unique } X_v \rightarrow X$$

$\forall G\text{-orbit } Y \subset X', \exists v \in \mathcal{V} : X_v \rightarrow Y'$

$$\bigcup_v X_v \rightarrow \bigcup Y$$

$$\Rightarrow Y \subset \pi'(X'')$$



Hence $X'' \simeq \pi'(X'') = X'$ proj.
 $\Rightarrow X = \pi(X'')$ complete



Exercise 2: $\text{cone}(\sigma, \overline{\sigma_D} \mid \sigma \in \mathcal{V}, D \in \mathcal{D}) = \mathcal{E}$

